

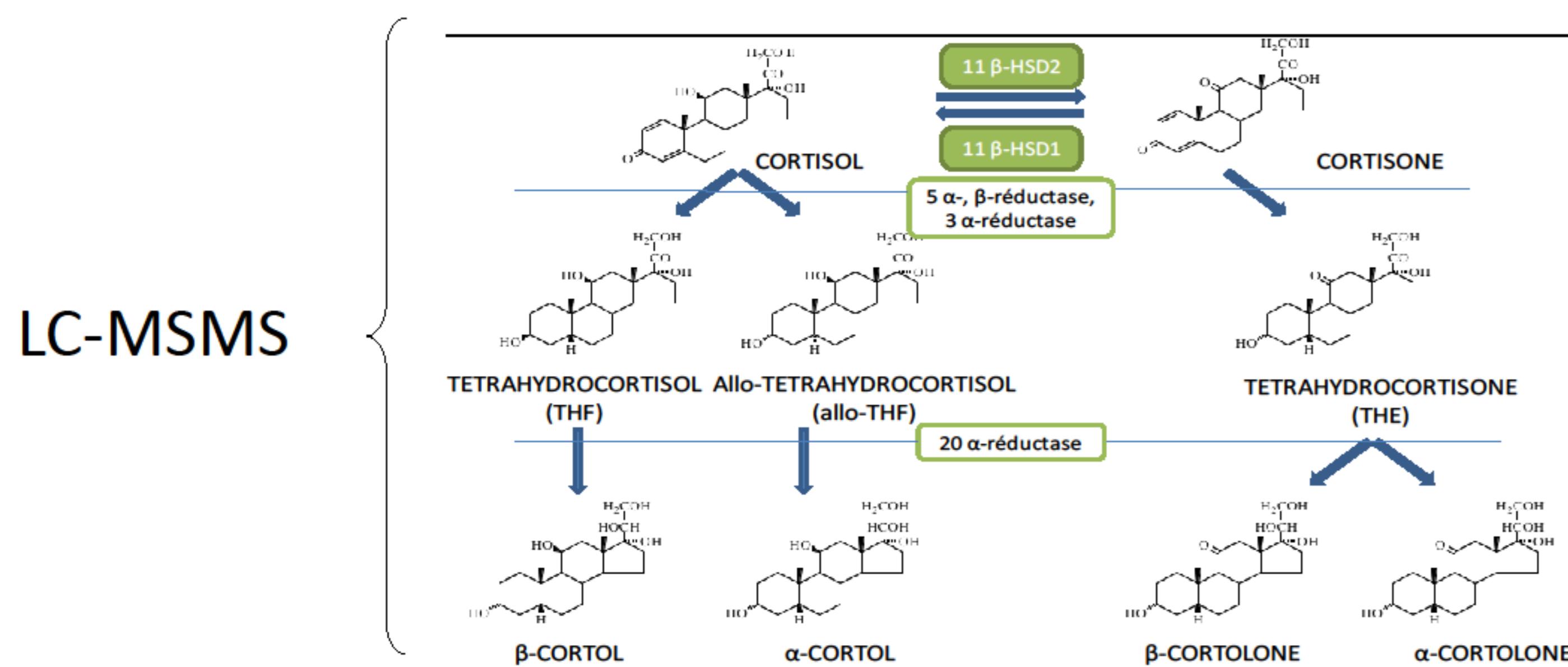
Urinary glucocorticoid metabolites: biomarkers to classify adrenal incidentalomas?

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Objectives: Total urinary cortisol metabolites represent cortisol production and metabolism. We hypothesized that to assay metabolites could add some information to the one provided by a sole cortisol assay.

Design and patients: We set up an multiplex mass spectrometry assay to quantify cortisol metabolites. We investigated 43 patients with benign secreting (AT+) or silent (AT-) adrenal tumours (1) compared to 48 lean (NI) or 143 obese (Ob) subjects. The initial investigation assayed immunoreactive urinary free cortisol (UFC).



	Ctl		AT	
	N	Ob	AT-	AT+
age (yrs)	45 [25-72]	46 [19-74]	58 [39-72] ***	56 [26-71]
sex ratio	0.3 [37/11]	0.28 [112/31]	0.35 [20/7]	0.33 [12/4]
BMI (kg/m ²)	23 [18-30]	39 [31-55] ***	27 [21-40]	25 [18-38]
Cortisol 8h (nmol/L)	544 [186-767]	485 [264-784]	477 [264-852]	477 [295-864]
ACTH 8h (pmol/L)	8 [1.7-12.1]	5.3 [1.2-18.0]	4.3 [1.4-11.2]	1.8 [1.2-3.5] ***
irUFC (μg/24h)	34 [19-79]	28 [9-91]	41 [15-78]	93 [18-530] **
Cortisol post-DST (nmol/L)	43 [27-63]	42 [27-119]	51 [27-117]	108 [63-847] ***
Cortisol 0h (nmol/L)	145 [62-281]	137 [44-290]	155 [40-419]	224 [136-820] *
ACTH 0h (pmol/L)	2.5 [1.3-5.9]	2.4 [1.2-9.2]	1.5 [1.2-7.9] *	1.2 [1.2-2.4] ***

Criteria of AT+/AT- classification:

Cortisol post-DST (nmol/L) > 83 nmol/L

irUFC (μg/24 h) > 90 μg/24h

ACTH 8 h (pmol/L) < 10 pg/mL

AT+ = 2 or 3 criteria

AT- = 1 criterium

Results: Comparison sole cortisol immunoassay and metabolite cortisol spectrometric assay

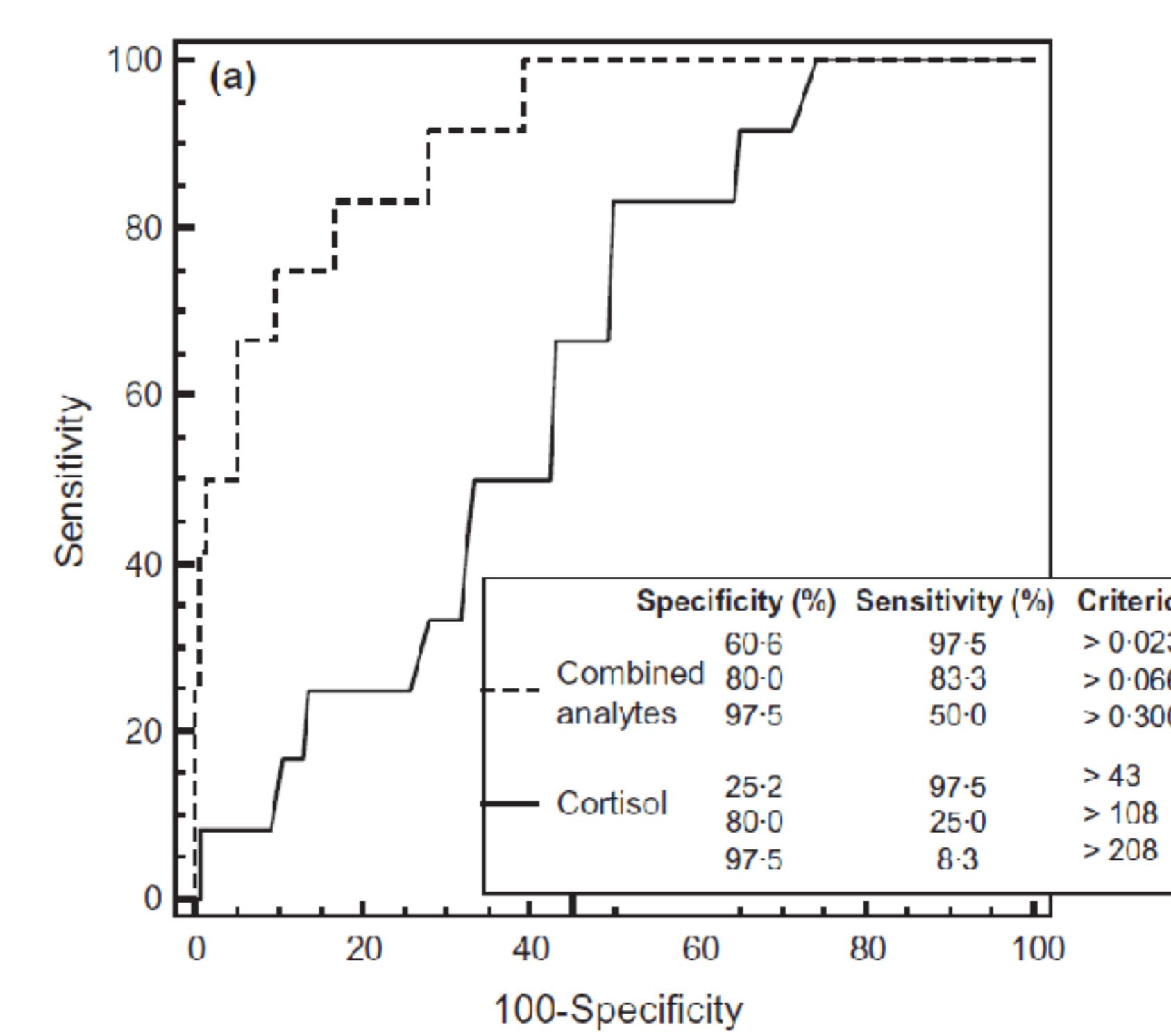
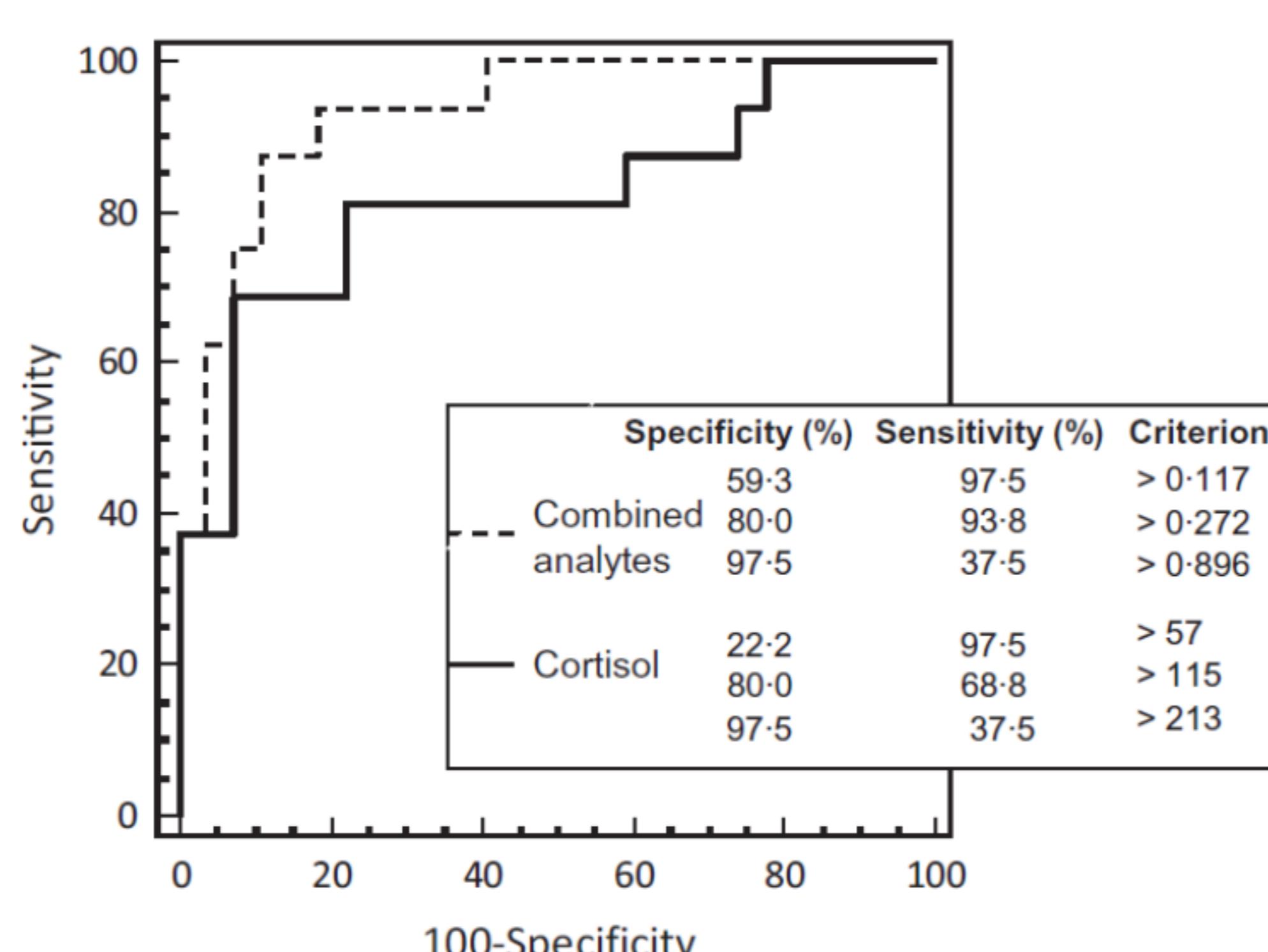
Significant difference between cortisol and α –cortol concentration for AT+ and AT-

	irUFC	Cortisol	cortisone	THF	alloTHF	THE	α-cortol	β-cortol	α-cortolone	β-cortolone
Ctl										
median (μg/24h) [2,5th-97,5th percentile]	29 [10-89]	68 [17-208]	100 [19-256]	2400 [727-8048]	245 [70-1208]	3261 [823-8938]	163 [41-462]	239 [48-692]	909 [176-1974]	202 [39-553]
AT-										
median (μg/24h) [2,5th-97,5th percentile]	41 [15-78]	82 [43-213]	106 [39-311]	2752 [1440-6871]	315 [129-629]	3568 [1226-7741]	147 [61-408]	258 [128-635]	645 [281-1101]	296 [96-747]
AT+										
median (μg/24h) [2,5th-97,5th percentile]	93 *** [18-530]	185 *** [63-720]	156 ** [39-405]	4054 ** [1129-12066]	200 [114-477]	4601 ** [1521-11269]	252 ** [80-829]	471 * [124-1114]	1079 [269-2199]	512 ** [153-1288]

irUFC, immunoreactive free cortisol; THF, tetrahydrocortisol; THE, tetrahydrocortisone. *P < 005, **P < 001, ***P < 0001 compared to normal subjects; ****P < 005 compared to AT subjects. Ctl control subjects.

Cortisol + allo-THF + THE in combinaison better distinguish AT- vs. AT+

Cortisol + α-cortolone + β-cortolone in combinaison better distinguish AT- vs control



Discussion: Cortisol metabolite excretion is modified in AT, including AT-, patients even without modification of UFC. Clinical usefulness of these biomarkers has to be investigated in prospective studies following up patients with AT

References:

- 1- Arlt, W., Biehl, M., Taylor, A.E. et al. Urine steroid metabolomics as a biomarker tool for detecting malignancy in adrenal tumors. JCEM (2011).
- 2-Chiodini, I. Clinical review: diagnosis and treatment of subclinical hypercortisolism. JCEM. (2011)

