

Norfolk and Norwich University Hospitals

Phaeochromocytoma in pregnancy: good luck and judgement lead to a successful outcome

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Case study - History

• Female, 37 years old

 Routine referral to endocrinologist with 19 mm, 40 HU right adrenal mass found on abdominal imaging performed to investigate iron deficiency anaemia

Initial CT imaging

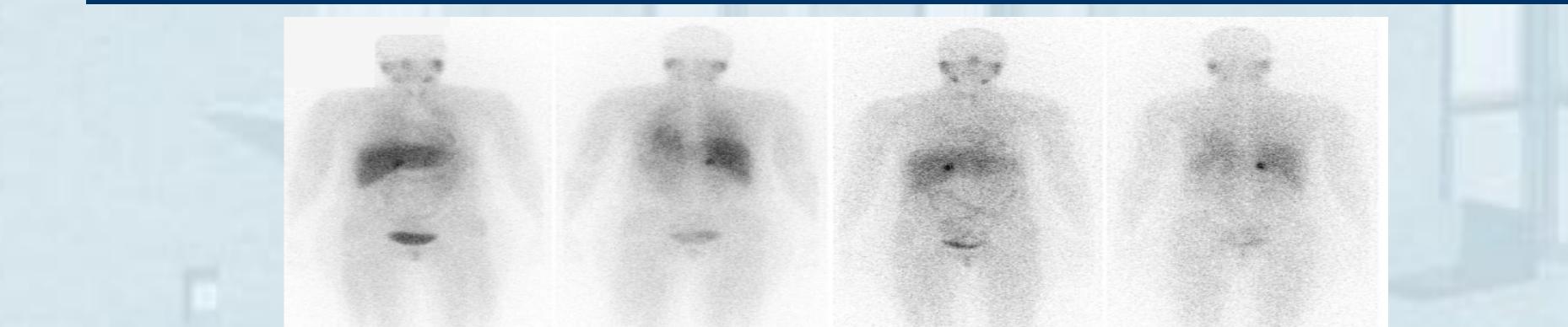


- Highly suggestive clinical symptoms: anxiety, palpitations, breathlessness episodes, unable to sleep and exhausted for 2 months
- No family history of MEN
- Drug history: Ferrous fumarate, citalopram 30mg daily, Mefenamic acid during menstrual cycle
- Presumptive diagnosis of small phaeochromocytoma made in clinic, and patient started alpha blockade that day pending confirmatory investigations

Examination Findings

- Extreme anxiety
- Pulse 80 and regular
- **BP 130/80 mmHg**
- Height 169.3 cm, Weight 69 kg, BMI 24.1

MIBG scan



• Unremarkable systemic examination

Investigations

	Results	Reference
24h Urine Normetadrenaline	3.6	0 – 3 umol/24h
24h Urine Metadrenaline	3.9	0 – 1.8 umol/24h
Plasma Normetanephrine	4024	120 – 1180 pmol/L
Plasma Metanephrine	2205	80 – 510 pmol/L
СТ	19mm right adrenal lesion, 40 Hounsfield units	
	Intense tracer accumulation in region of right	

R ANTERIOR L MIBG 4hrs-I-123

L POSTERIOR R MIBG 4hrs-I-123

L POSTERIO MIBG 21hrs

MIBG 21hrs-I-12

1123 MIBG SCAN

Case resolution

- The diagnosis was confirmed biochemically and alpha blockade was continued with surgery planned for 6 weeks.
- Patient then reported she was unexpectedly pregnant: LMP 2 days prior to MIBG scan.
- Close collaboration with medical obstetric, anaesthetic and surgical teams was required with full discussion of risks.
- Blockade was continued and surgery deferred to 2nd trimester.
- Uneventful laparascopic right adrenalectomy of confirmed benign pheochromocytoma at 13 weeks gestation.
- Healthy pregnancy ensued, with spontaneous vaginal delivery of 3kg male infant at 40 weeks. Mother and son remain well.
 Phaeochromocytoma in pregnancy is very high risk for mother





and child, but this case demonstrates that early diagnosis and

collaborative working can lead to an excellent outcome.