Obesity; A diagnostic dilemma

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Background

- Pseudohypoparathyroidism type 1a(PHP-1a) is a rare disorder caused by a maternally inherited mutation in the GNAS gene localized on chromosome 20 encoding for GS- α protein.
- PHP-1a is usually diagnosed in childhood due to a distinctive phenotype that includes:

Short stature

Round facies

Brachymetacarpia

Ectopic ossifications

Multi-hormone resistance

- These features are associated with resistance to parathyroid hormone(PTH).
- A more recently described feature of PHP-1a is early-onset obesity.
- The hypothalmic GS protein coupled melanocotin-4 receptor (MC4R) may mediate the central effects of leptin on inhibition of satiety.

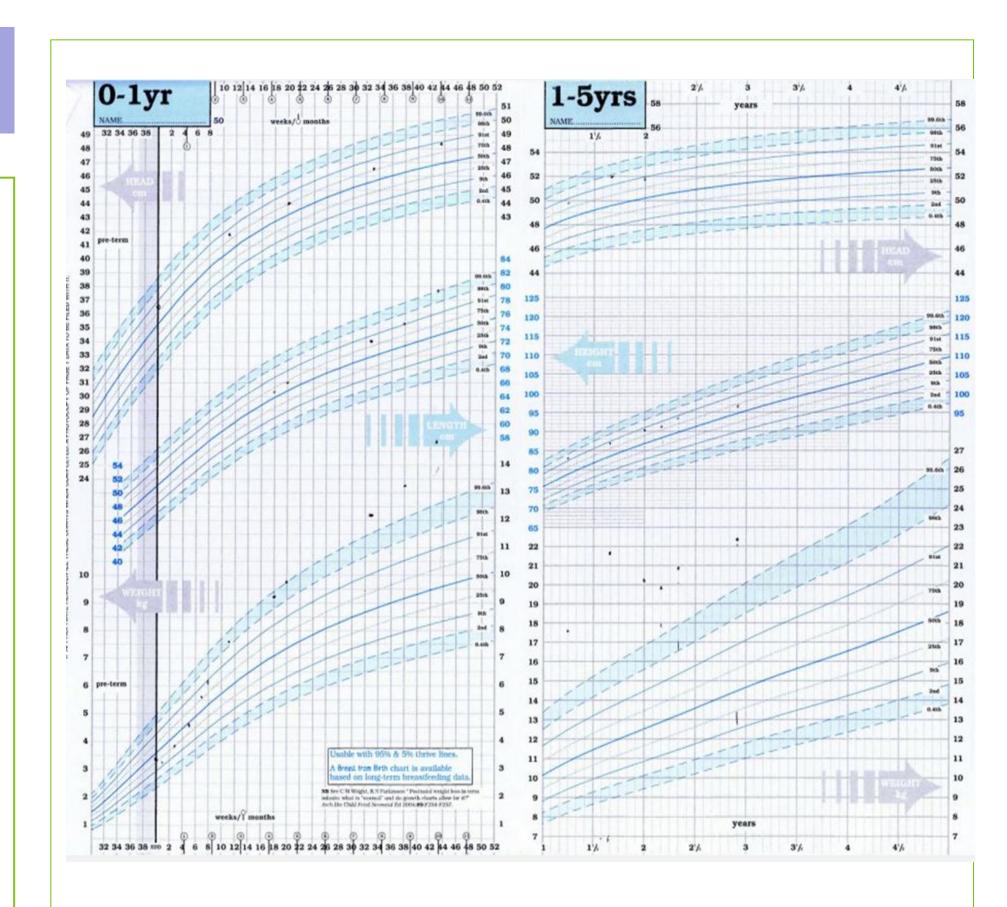


Figure 1 : Boys UK-WHO growth chart (0-4years)

Case

Presentation

- 3.4 yr & Generalised tonic clonic seizure
- Hypocalcaemia

History

- Excessive weight gain since birth
- Birth- Term, BW 3.4 kg (25th centile), Solitary hypoglycaemic episode at birth
- 7 months [Weight 12.22kg (+3.01 SDS), Length 72.0cm (+0.72 SDS)]
- Dietetic support
- Prader-Willi and Beckwith ruled out
- Increasing BMI persisted
- 3.4 years [Weight 25.76kg (+4.34 SDS), BMI 25.71 kg/m2 (>99.6th centile)]
- Hypocalcaemic at time of seizure with Low Vitamin D and raised PTH.
- Skin calcinosis in mother

Examination

- Obese
- Round face
- Short digits
- Advanced bone age 4.6 years

Management and Progress

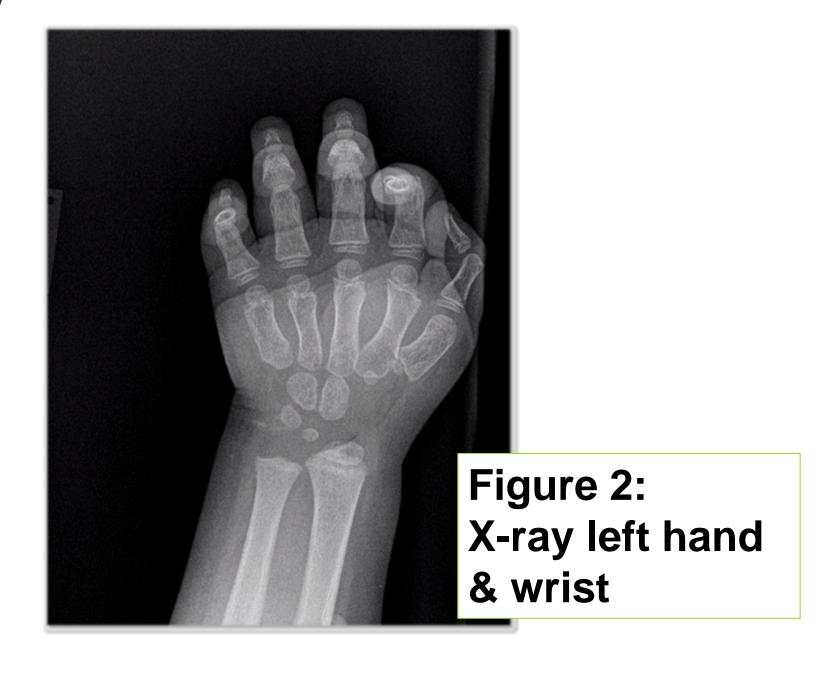
- Calcium and Vitamin D Supplementation
- Regular biochemical and weight monitoring
- Genetic analysis- confirmed diagnosis: 'Albright's hereditary osteodystrophy (AHO); pseudohypoparathyroidism (PHP type 1a)'

Investigations

Biochemistry

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	At Presentation	On Treatment - 6 months
cCa ²⁺ mmol/L (2.20-2.70mmol/L)	1.74	2.24
PO ₄ ³⁻ mmol/L (0.9-1.8mmol/L)	2.49	2.01
PTH pmol/L (1.3-9.3 pmol/L)	68.2	18.2
Vit D nmol/L (70-200 nmol/L)	39	173

Radiology



Genetics

Heterozygous for an insertion of 8 nucleotides at cDNA position 388 (c.388_389insGGTTCATC) in the GNAS1 gene.

Learning Points

- Albrights should be considered in any child with a history of hyperphagia and early onset obesity
- Appropriate management ensures regulation of plasma calcium, bone mass and TSH resistance.
- Follow up should be comprehensive given the manifestations of the disease associated with being overweight.

References

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