# LCI699 is a Potent Inhibitor of Cortisol Production in Vitro

Sara G. Creemers<sup>1</sup>, R.A. Feelders<sup>1</sup>, F.H. de Jong<sup>1</sup>, G.J.H. Franssen<sup>2</sup>, Y.B. de Rijke<sup>3</sup>, P.M. van Koetsveld<sup>1</sup>, L.J. Hofland<sup>1</sup>

Department of Internal Medicine, division of Endocrinology; Department of Surgery; Department of Clinical Chemistry, Erasmus Medical Center, Rotterdam, the Netherlands

### Aim

GP26

To compare the *in vitro* effects of LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on cortisol production and steroid hormone profile in human adrenal cells

### Introduction

- Ketoconazole and metyrapone are frequently used steroidogenesis inhibitors for treatment of Cushing's syndrome (CS)
- LCI699 (Osilodrostat) is a new steroidogenesis inhibitor which is known to block 11β-hydroxylase
- •This compound was originally developed for its inhibitory effects on aldosterone production, but appeared to decrease cortisol response to ACTH-stimulation in patients with hypertension
- •LCI699 is now investigated as a potential drug for treatment of CS, but effects on other steroidogenesis enzymes are unknown

## Conclusions

- LCI699 is a potent inhibitor of basal- and ACTH-stimulated cortisol production in adrenocortical tumor cells
- •LCI699 has only modest inhibitory effects on adrenal androgen production
- In these conditions, LCI699 seems to block 11β-hydroxylase (CYP11B1), and to a lesser extent 17,20-lyase activity
- •The absence of strong accumulation of steroid precursors might indicate an inhibition proximal of 3β-HSD

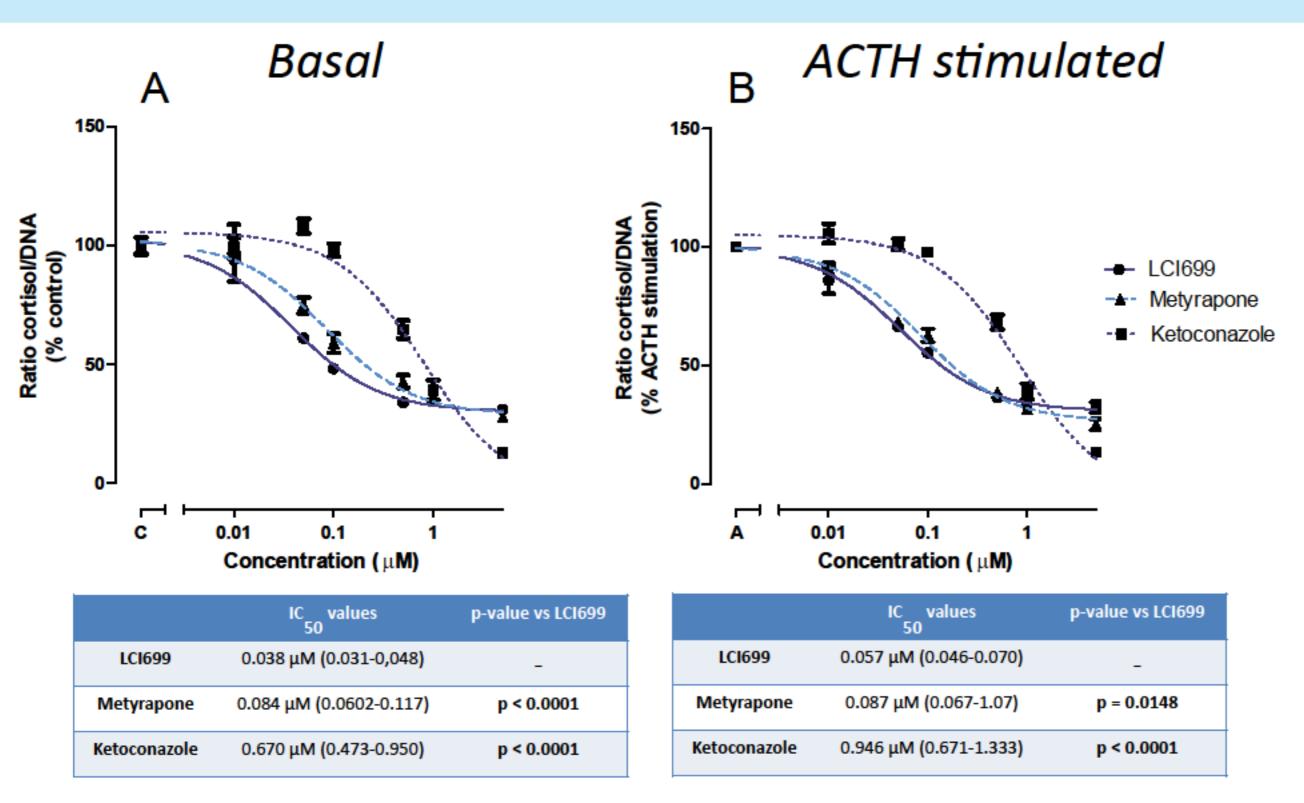


Contact: s.creemers@erasmusmc.nl or scan QR code



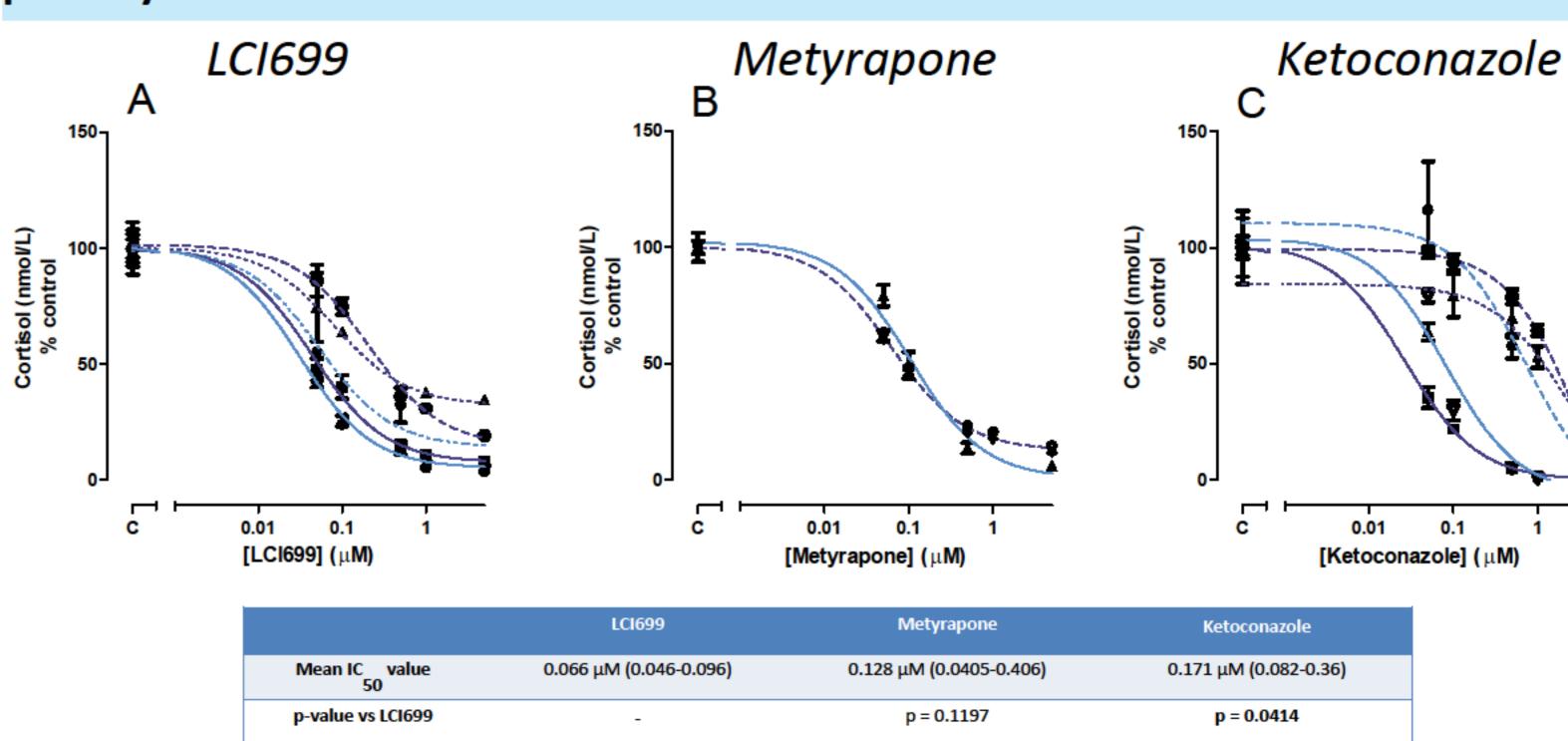
## Results

# 1. Effects of LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on cortisol production in HAC-15 cells



<u>Figure 1.</u> Effects of LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on cortisol production in HAC-15 cells under basal conditions (A) and when stimulated with 10 nM ACTH, corrected for cell amount. In the right graph, ACTH stimulation is set as 100%. Cortisol is measured using a chemiluminescence immunoassay system. IC<sub>50</sub> values represent the half maximal inhibitory concentration. Data are indicated as mean ± SEM. C, control; A, ACTH.

# 2. Effects of LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on cortisol production in primary adrenocortical adenoma cultures

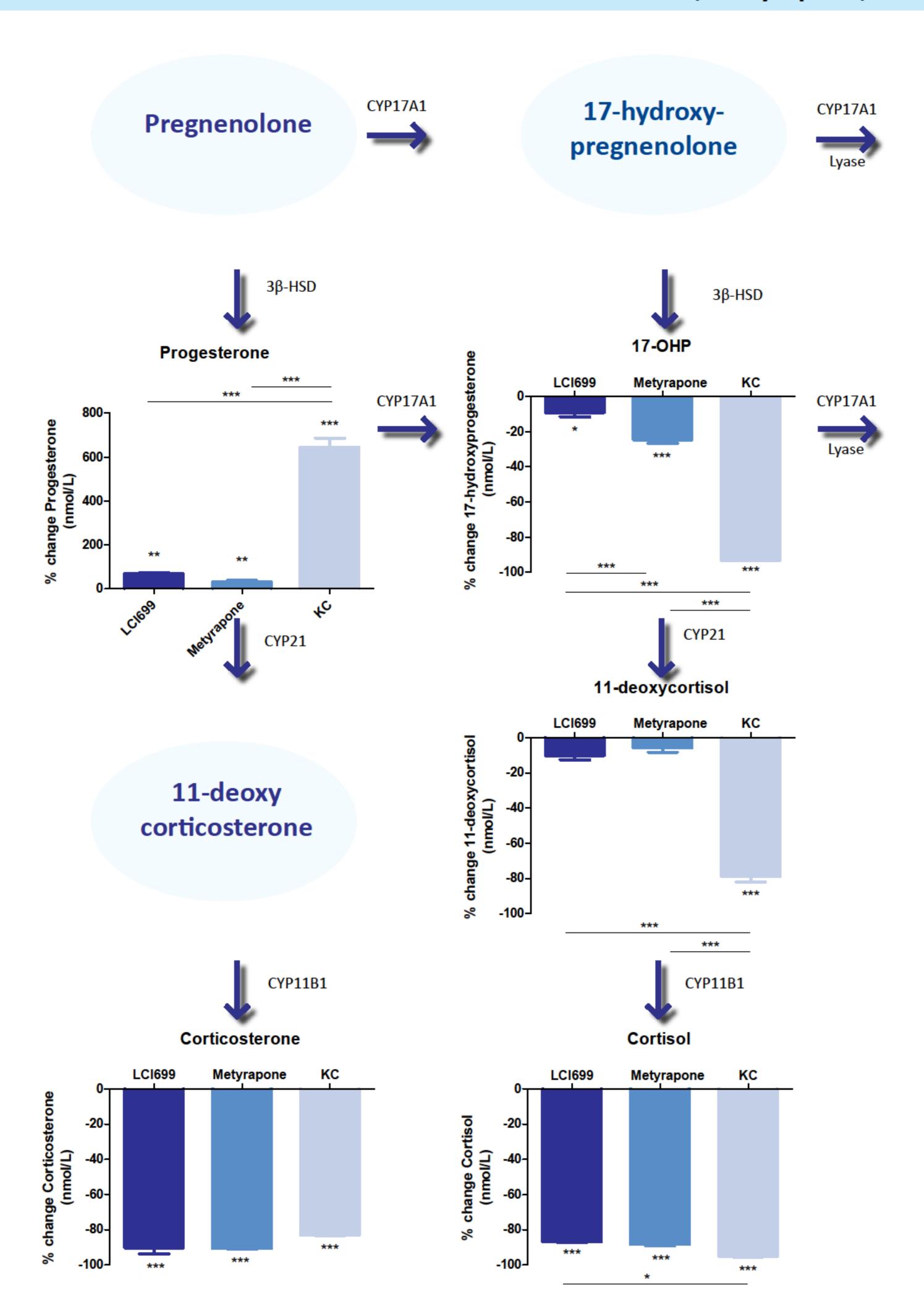


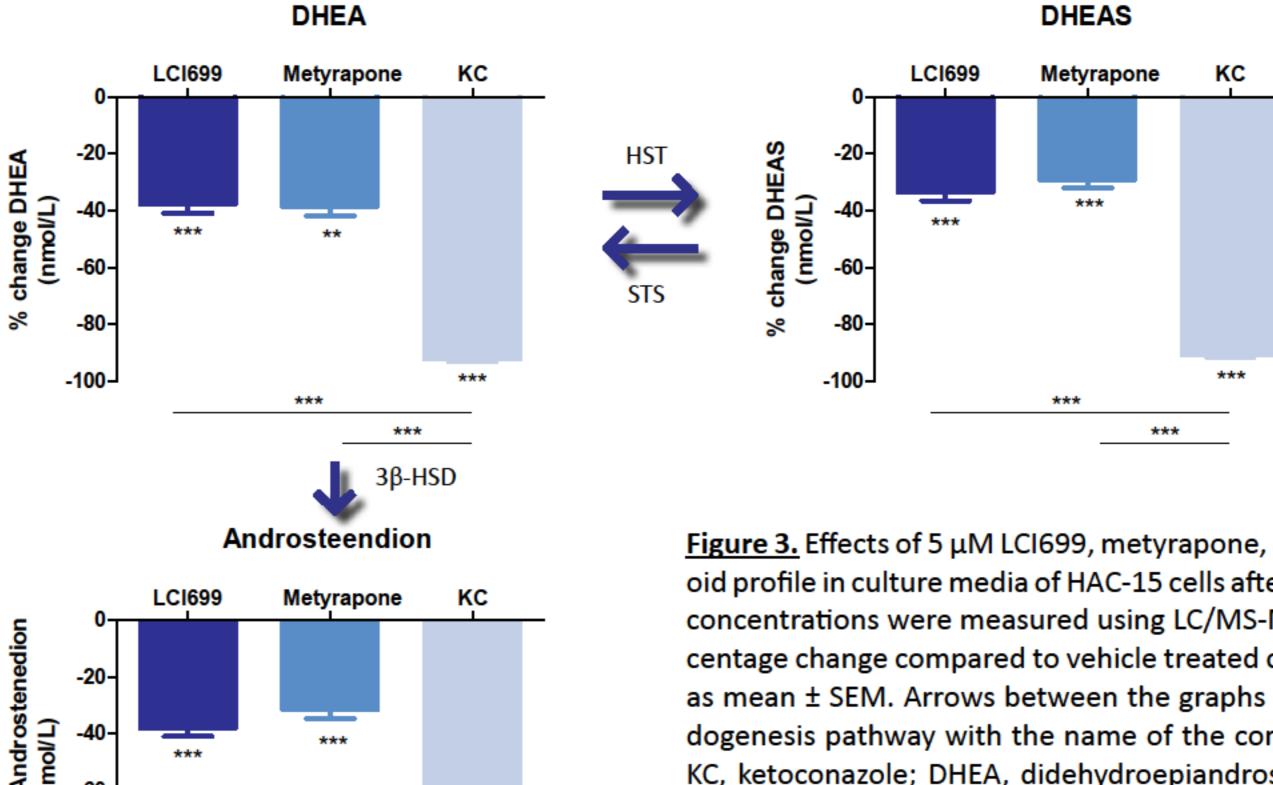
<u>Figure 2.</u> Effects of LCI699 (A), metyrapone (B), and ketoconazole (C) on cortisol production in primary adrenocortical adenoma cultures. Cortisol is measured using a chemiluminescence immunoassay system. Same layout of the lines in the different figures corresponds to the same patient. Mean IC<sub>50</sub> values represent the mean half maximal inhibitory concentration of all primary cultures. Data are indicated as mean ± SEM. C, control.

#### 3. Effects of LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on the steroid profile in HAC-15 cells

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change Testos (nmol/L)





<u>Figure 3.</u> Effects of 5 μM LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole on the steroid profile in culture media of HAC-15 cells after 3 days of treatment. Steroid concentrations were measured using LC/MS-MS. Data are depicted as percentage change compared to vehicle treated control cells and are indicated as mean  $\pm$  SEM. Arrows between the graphs represent direction of steroidogenesis pathway with the name of the corresponding steroid enzymes. KC, ketoconazole; DHEA, didehydroepiandrosterone; DHEAS, dehydroepiandrosterone sulfate; HST, hydroxysteroid sulfotransferase; STS, steroid sulfatase; 3β-HSD, 3β-Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase;17-OHP, 17-hydroxyprogesterone. \* p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*p<0.001.

## Methods

#### **Cell culture**

- Adrenocortical tumor cell line: HAC-15
- primary adrenocortical adenoma (ACA) cultures

### Treatment

- 3 days basal and ACTH (10 nM) stimulated
- LCI699, metyrapone, and ketoconazole (0.01 5 μM)

#### Measurements

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Testosteron

Metyrapone

- DNA: Hoechst dye, representation of cell amount
- Cortisol: chemiluminescence immunoassay system (Immulite 2000XPi)
- Steroid profile (control and 5  $\mu$ M treated cells): liquid chromatography/mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)





