ACROMEGALIC ARTHROPATHY: CLINICAL PRESENTATION, TREATMENT AND QUALITY OF LIFE

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INTRODUCTION	AIMS
 Arthropathy affects the majority of acromegalic patients and is the major cause of morbidity, absenteeism and impaired quality of life. GH excess and increased levels of circulating IGF-I result initially in a marked thickening of the soft tissues and cartilage. Along with disease progression, there's subperiostal bone neoapposition, cartilage regressive phenomena and bone structural changes. 	To investigate PREVALENCE, CLINICAL PRESENTATION, TREATMENT and IMPACT ON QUALITY OF LIFE of arthropathy in acromegalic patients .

METHODS

Demographic and clinical data collection and cross-sectional descriptive study (convenience sample, by telephone) regarding onset, duration and severity of articular symptoms (according to the visual analog scale - VAS) and AcroQol-physical dimension.

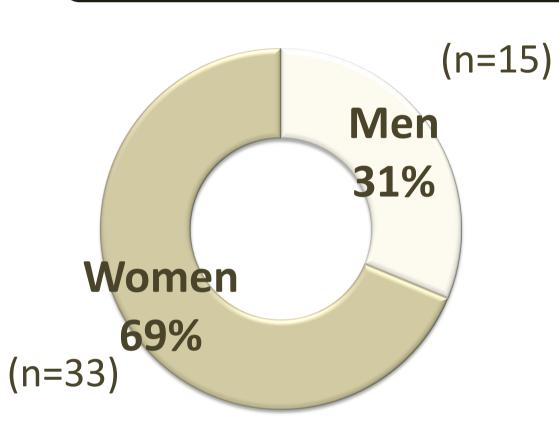
RESULTS

168 ACROMEGALIC PATIENTS

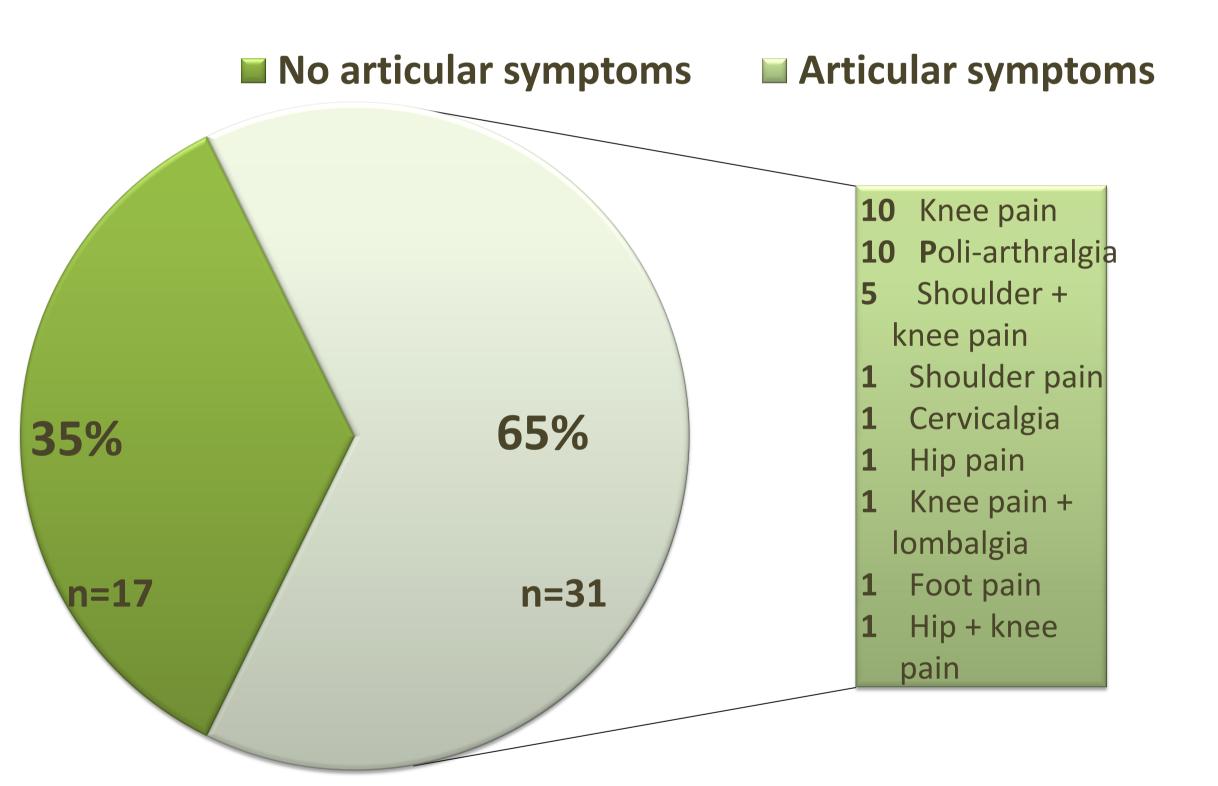
✤ 17 (10.1%) died

- 64 (38.1%) outdated contacts
- ✤ 39 (23.2%) didn't want to paticipate / answer

48 (28.6%) PARTICIPATED

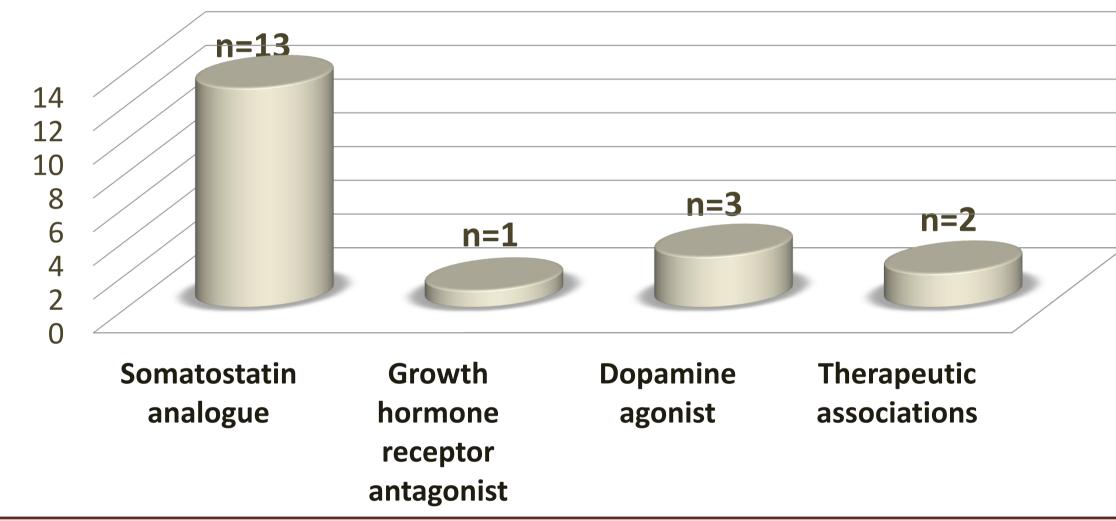


Articular Symptoms and Orthopedic Surgery



Clinical characteristics

- Mean disease duration: **11.3±8.95 y** Minimum: 0 y Maximum: 38 y Mean weight: **82.1±14.61Kg** Mean BMI: **30.37±4.00Kg/m²**
 - 2 waiting for results, 46 (89.6%) submitted to surgery
 - 22 (47.8%) cured
 - **19** (41.3%) on medical treatment



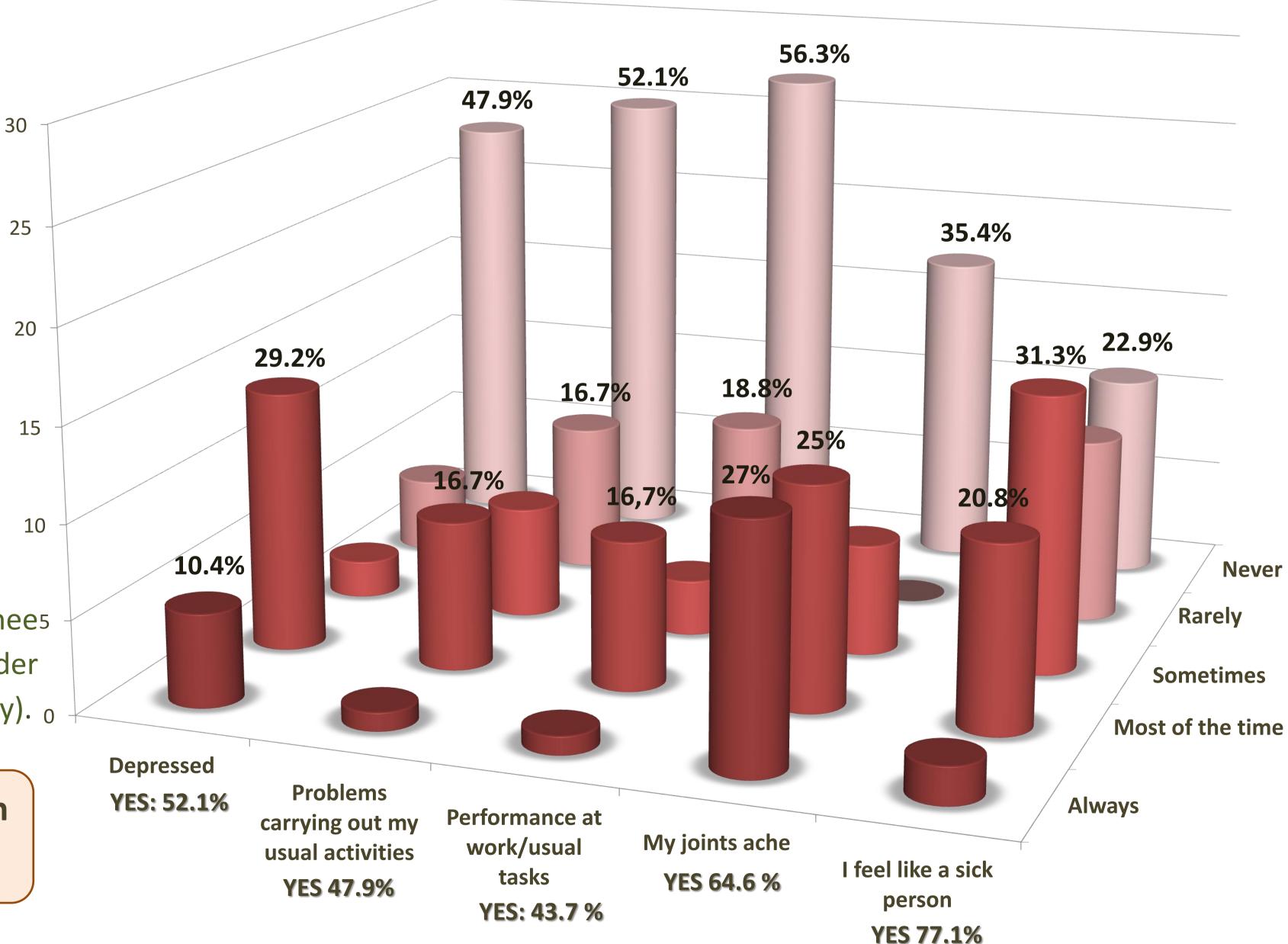
Average pain intensity (VAS):5±2.5Mean time to articular symptoms:6.0±6.80 yMaximum:20 y

Orthopedic Surgery: 8 patients (16.7%) Mean time: 11.1±8.53y Minimum: -2 y Maximum: 22 y

1 hip replacement, 1 arthrodesis of foot, 1 cervical laminectomy, 1 knees cartilage excision, 5 knee arthroplasty, 1 shoulder arthroplasty (shoulder arthroplasty on the contralateral shoulder and waiting for knee arthroplasty). 0

No statistical diferences, regarding articular symptoms, between

AcroQol – Physical Dimension







Joint complaints may present as the earliest symptom of acromegaly. A prompt diagnosis is crucial, as acromegalic arthropathy can be reversible in early stages and results in a severely disabling pathology with impaired quality of life, despite successful long-term treatment.

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