

# Pressure pain threshold and $\beta$ -endorphins plasma level are higher in lean polycystic ovary syndrome women.



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## OBJECTIVES

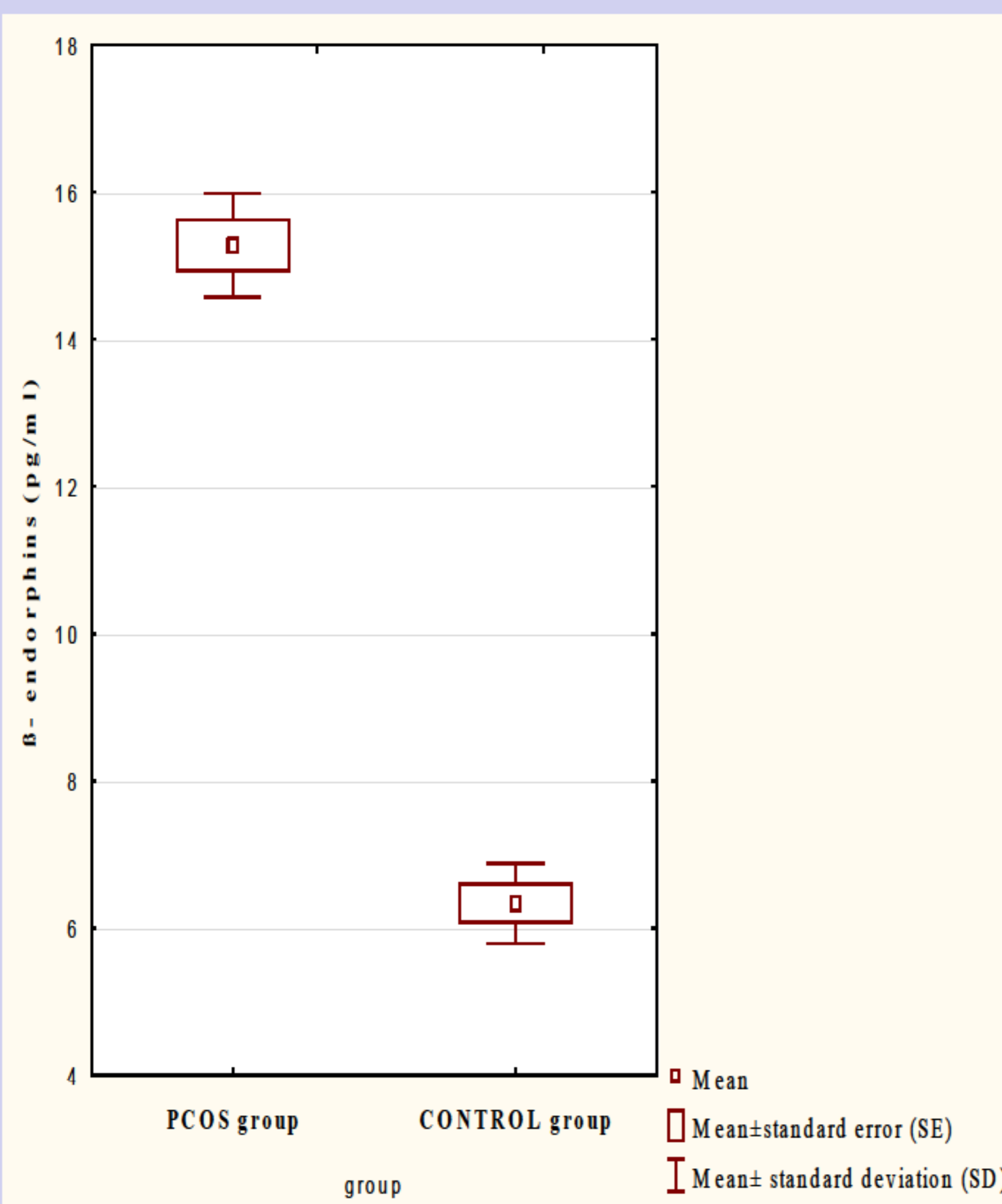
The aim of this study was to determine pressure pain threshold and  $\beta$ -endorphin plasma level in lean women with polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) and healthy controls. The associations between  $\beta$ -endorphins and pressure pain threshold were also investigated.

## METHODS

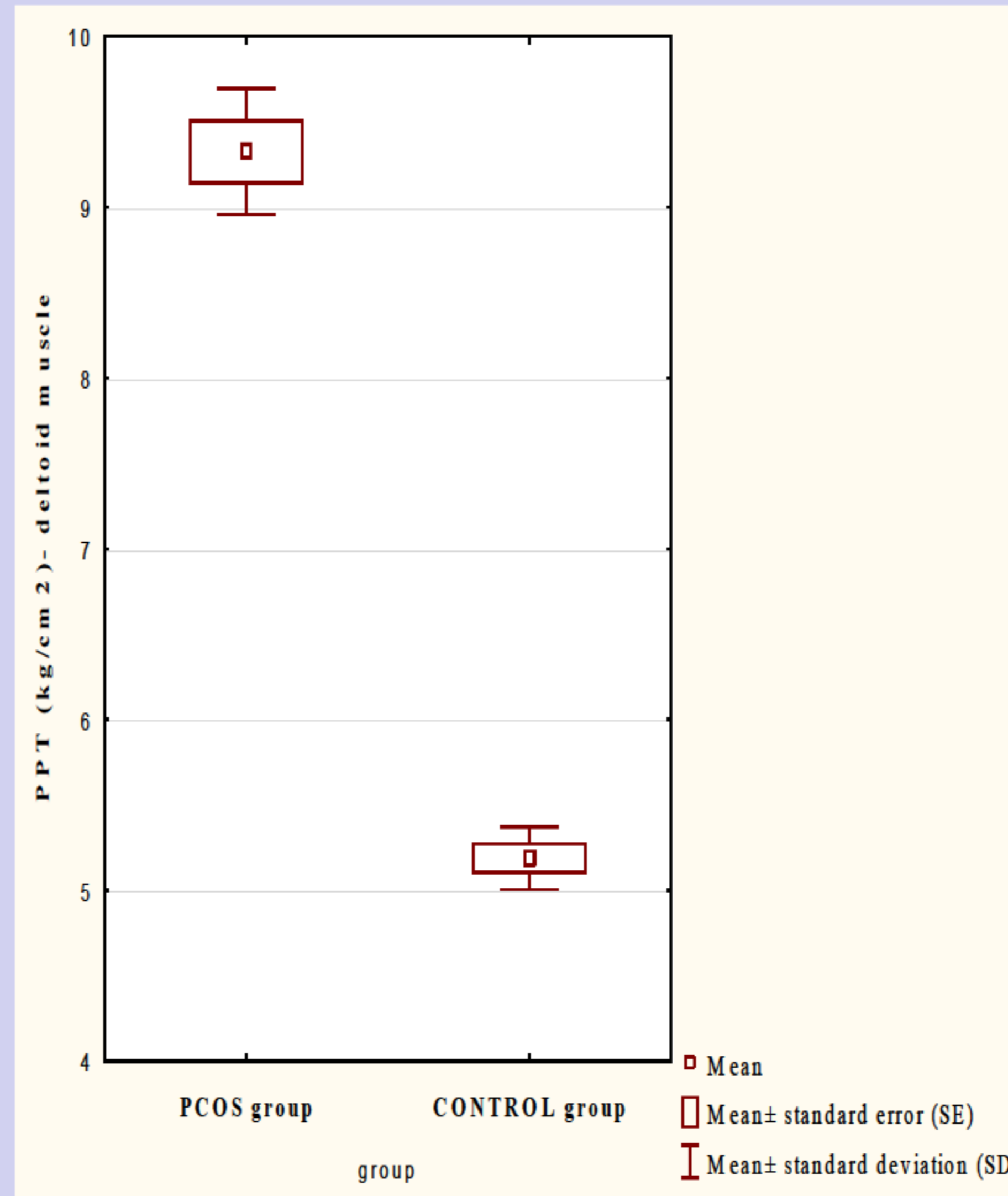
In 48 lean women with polycystic ovary syndrome and 38 lean women without this disorder plasma  $\beta$ -endorphins and pressure pain thresholds were measured.

## RESULTS

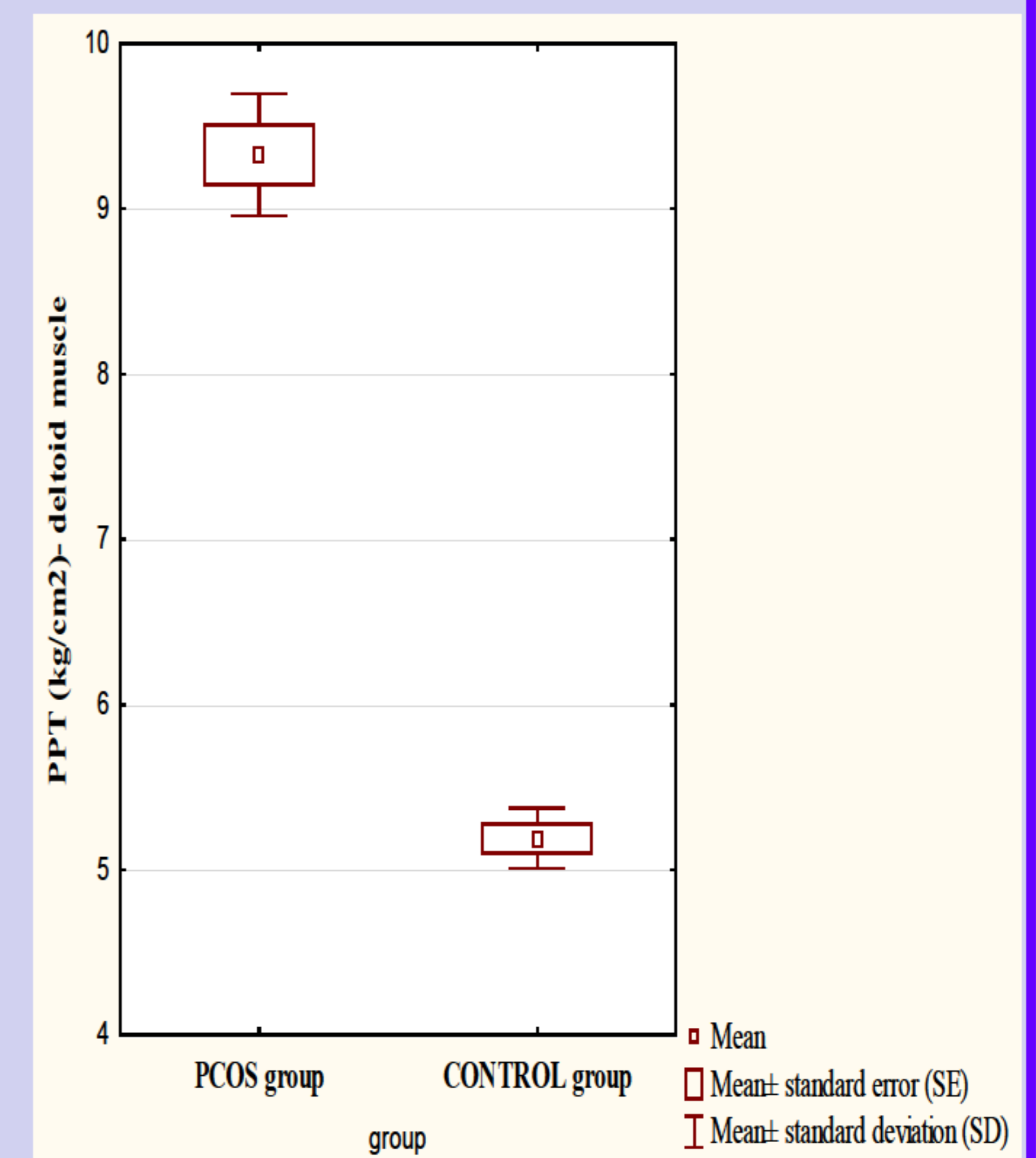
**Figure 1. Beta endorphin levels in lean women with polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) and controls.**



**Figure 2. Pressure pain threshold (PPT) value measured on trapezius muscle in PCOS group and healthy controls.**



**Figure 3. Pressure pain threshold (PPT) value measured on deltoid muscle in PCOS group and healthy controls.**



The  $\beta$ -endorphins level was higher in the PCOS group compared to the controls ( $15.5 \pm 4.37$  pg/ml vs  $6.9 \pm 2.47$  pg/ml,  $p < 0.0001$ ). In PCOS group pressure pain thresholds measured on deltoid and trapezius muscles were higher compared to the controls ( $9.33 \pm 1.3$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup> vs  $5.19 \pm 0.57$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup>,  $p < 0.001$ ;  $8.23 \pm 1.04$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup> vs  $4.79 \pm 0.55$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup>,  $p < 0.001$ ). The  $\beta$ -endorphin levels positively correlated with pressure pain thresholds in polycystic ovary syndrome group. Increase in  $\beta$ -endorphin level of 1 pg/ml was associated with increase of pressure pain threshold value on deltoid muscle of  $0.23$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup> ( $R = 0.632$ ,  $p = 0.011$ ) and of  $0.18$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup> on trapezius muscle ( $R = 0.588$ ,  $p = 0.037$ ).

## CONCLUSIONS

**Conclusion:**  $\beta$ -endorphin serum level as well as pressure pain threshold are higher in lean PCOS group than in lean healthy controls. We found correlations between  $\beta$ -endorphin levels and pressure pain threshold in the PCOS group. It may indicate the role of endogenous opioids in the pathogenesis of PCOS and also that increases in circulating plasma  $\beta$ -endorphins concentration can increase pressure pain threshold in PCOS women.

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